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Note

New records of Brachydeutera (Diptera: Ephydridae) in Malaysia

During a recent trip to Malaysia I was able to collect several small series of *Brachy-deutera* from throughout the country. As the genus was recently revised for the Oriental Region (Mathis, W. N. and K. D. Ghorpadé. 1985. Smiths. Contr. Zool. 406: 1–25) it is appropriate to add some additional distributional information. Three species were encountered with *B. pleuralis* Malloch representing a new record for Malaysia.

Brachydeutera hardyi Wirth was found both in peninsular and East Malaysia, but in low numbers. In Sabah State (2 ₺₺, 6 ♀♀; Tawau, pond shoreline, 6 Nov 1986) it was collected from the surface of a shallow drainage pool which was subject to periods of extreme flooding. The pool had a grass base. In Perak State (MARDI-Hilir Perak, 16 mi W Telok Anson, 26 Nov 1986) only two females were obtained from the surface of a small, rain-fed drainage ditch. This ditch had a mud and sand base with little emergent vegetation. Brachydeutera hardyi shared this habitat with B. longipes Hendel.

Brachydeutera longipes Hendel was collected in Perak State (1 &, 1 9; same as above except 25 Nov) and in large numbers in Melaka State (46 &&, 83 99; Kg. Gadek, nr Alor Gajah, 19 Nov 1986). The Melaka

habitat consisted of numerous small, rainfed depressions which were 3–10 cm in depth. The pools had a grass base and also were susceptible to periods of drying and flooding.

Brachydeutera pleuralis Malloch represents a new record for Malaysia but was collected only in Kelantan State (13 &\$, 22 99; Bachok, shallow pool, 16 Nov 1986). This species was taken from the surface of numerous sandy, shallow pools which were several hundred meters from the coastline. The pools were 2–30 cm deep and contained no macro-vegetation. There was little macro-vegetation surrounding the pools that were bordered on both sides by large dunes. The water showed no signs of salinity.

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Richard S. Zack, Department of Entomology, Washington State University, Pullman, Washington 99164-6432.